

Pupil Allergy Policy



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Our Children Thrive - Our Colleagues Thrive - Our Community Thrives

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1. Aims

This policy aims to:

- Set out our school's approach to allergy management, including reducing the risk of exposure and the procedures in place in case of allergic reaction
- Make clear how our school supports pupils with allergies to ensure their wellbeing and inclusion
- Promote and maintain allergy awareness among the school community

2. Legislation and guidance

This policy is based on the Department for Education (DfE)'s guidance on allergies in schools and supporting pupils with medical conditions at school, the Department of Health and Social Care's guidance on using emergency adrenaline auto-injectors in schools, and the following legislation:

- The Food Information Regulations 2014
- The Food Information (Amendment) (England) Regulations 2019

3. Roles and responsibilities

We take a whole-school approach to allergy awareness.

The following responsibilities are not meant to be exhaustive and will need to be adapted to suit the context of your school.

3.1 Allergy lead

The nominated allergy leads are Jane Joyce (Deputy Headteacher) and Clair Goodwin (School Business Manager)

They're responsible for:

- Promoting and maintaining allergy awareness across our school community
- Recording and collating allergy and special dietary information for all relevant pupils with the support of the admin team
- Ensuring:
 - All allergy information is up to date and readily available to relevant members of staff
 - All pupils with allergies have an allergy action plan completed by a medical professional
 - All staff receive an appropriate level of allergy training
 - All staff are aware of the school's policy and procedures regarding allergies
 - Relevant staff are aware of what activities need an allergy risk assessment
 - Keeping stock of the school's adrenaline auto-injectors (AAIs)
 - Regularly reviewing and updating the allergy policy

3.2 Office Administrator/Office Staff

The school nominated Administrator is responsible for:

- Co-ordinating the paperwork and information from families, including sharing with the wrap around team and catering staff

- Co-ordinating medication with families
- Checking spare AAI kits are in date
- Any other appropriate tasks delegated by the allergy lead

3.3 Teaching and support staff

All teaching and support staff are responsible for:

- Promoting and maintaining allergy awareness among pupils
- Maintaining awareness of our allergy policy and procedures
- Being able to recognise the signs of severe allergic reactions and anaphylaxis
- Attending appropriate allergy training as required
- Being aware of specific pupils with allergies in their care
- Carefully considering the use of food or other potential allergens in lesson and activity planning
- Ensuring the wellbeing and inclusion of pupils with allergies

3.4 Parents/carers

Parents/carers are responsible for:

- Being aware of our school's allergy policy
- Providing the school with up-to-date details of their child's medical needs, dietary requirements, and any history of allergies, reactions and anaphylaxis
- If required, providing their child with 2 in-date adrenaline auto-injectors and any other medication, including inhalers, antihistamine etc., and making sure these are replaced in a timely manner
- Carefully considering the food they provide to their child as packed lunches and snacks, and trying to limit the number of allergens included
- Following the school's guidance on food brought in to be shared
- Updating the school on any changes to their child's condition

3.5 Pupils with allergies

These pupils are responsible for:

- Being aware of their allergens and the risks they pose
- Understanding how and when to use their adrenaline auto-injector
- If age-appropriate, carrying their adrenaline auto-injector on their person and only using it for its intended purpose

3.6 Pupils without allergies

These pupils are responsible for:

- Being aware of allergens and the risk they pose to their peers

Older pupils might also be expected to support their peers and staff in the case of an emergency.

4. Assessing risk

Teachers will conduct a risk assessment for any pupil at risk of anaphylaxis taking part in:

- Lessons such as food technology
- Science experiments involving foods
- Crafts using food packaging
- Off-site events and school trips
- Any other activities involving animals or food, such as animal handling experiences or baking

A risk assessment for any pupil at risk of an allergic reaction will also be carried out where a visitor requires a guide dog.

5. Managing risk

5.1 Hygiene procedures

Measures the school will take to prevent contamination:

- Pupils are reminded to wash their hands before and after eating
- Sharing of food is not allowed
- Pupils have their own named water bottles and packed lunch

5.2 Catering

The school is committed to providing safe food options to meet the dietary needs of pupils with allergies.

- Catering staff receive appropriate training and can identify pupils with allergies
- School menus are available for parents/carers to view with ingredients clearly labelled
- Where changes are made to school menus, we will make sure these continue to meet any special dietary needs of pupils
- Food allergen information relating to the 'top 14' allergens is displayed on the packaging of all food products, allowing pupils and staff to make safer choices. Allergen information labelling will follow all [legal requirements](#) that apply to naming the food and listing ingredients, as outlined by the Food Standards Agency (FSA)
- Catering staff follow hygiene and allergy procedures when preparing food to avoid cross-contamination

5.3 Food restrictions

We acknowledge that it is impractical to enforce an allergen-free school. However, we would like to encourage pupils and staff to avoid certain high-risk foods to reduce the chances of someone experiencing a reaction. These foods include:

- Packaged nuts
- Salmon ** we have a child in school with a severe allergy **
- Cereal, granola or chocolate bars containing nuts
- Peanut butter or chocolate spreads containing nuts
- Peanut-based sauces, such as satay
- Sesame seeds and foods containing sesame seeds
- Raw fish (sushi)

If a pupil brings these foods into school, they may be asked to eat them away from others to minimise the risk, or the food may be confiscated.

5.4 Insect bites/stings

When outdoors:

- Shoes should always be worn at all times
- Food and drink should be covered
- Any food waste/rubbish should be put into a bin

5.5 Animals

- All pupils will always wash hands after interacting with animals to avoid putting pupils with allergies at risk through later contact
- Pupils with animal allergies will not interact with animals

5.6 Support for mental health

Pupils with allergies will have additional support through:

- Pastoral care
- Regular check-ins with their teacher or pastoral lead if needed

5.7 Events and school trips

- For events, including ones that take place outside of the school, and school trips, no pupils with allergies will be excluded from taking part
- The school will plan accordingly for all events and school trips, and arrange for the staff members involved to be aware of pupils' allergies and to have received adequate training
- Appropriate measures will be taken in line with the schools AAI protocols for off-site events and school trips (see section 7.5).

5.8 Individual Healthcare Plans

Pupils should have an Individual Healthcare Plan (IHP) if:

- they have an allergy which has a functional impact on them in their school;
- they are at risk of harm as a result of their allergy and
- they require arrangements which are additional to or different from those made generally.

The IHP will set out the additional and/or different arrangements that will be in place in the school for supporting the pupil with their medical condition or allergy, including in emergency situations.

Set out how pupils with an allergy who require specific support arrangements will have them documented through an Individual Healthcare Plan. This includes pupils whose allergies require flexibility and "reasonable adjustments", as well as those who require medication (either proactively or in an emergency situation).

Where pupils have an Allergy Action Plan and/or Asthma Action Plan issued by a healthcare professional, the IHP should refer to or attach it. Whenever an updated Action Plan becomes available, the pupil's Individual Healthcare Plan should be reviewed to incorporate it.

Here is a Template of an [Individual Health Care Plan](#) (appendix 1)

6. Procedures for handling an allergic reaction

6.1 Register of pupils with AAI

The school maintains a register of pupils who have been prescribed AAIs or where a doctor has provided a written plan recommending AAIs to be used in the event of anaphylaxis. The register includes:

- Known allergens and risk factors for anaphylaxis
- Whether a pupil has been prescribed AAI(s) (and if so, what type and dose)
- Where a pupil has been prescribed an AAI, whether parental consent has been given for use of the spare AAI, which may be different to the personal AAI prescribed for the pupil
- A photograph of each pupil to allow a visual check to be made (this will require parental consent)

The register is kept on the SharePoint / in every classroom and the main kitchen so it can be checked quickly by any member of staff as part of initiating an emergency response

Allowing all pupils to keep their AAIs with them will reduce delays and allows for confirmation of consent without the need to check the register.

6.2 Allergic reaction procedures

As part of the whole-school awareness approach to allergies, all staff are trained in the school's allergic reaction procedure, and to recognise the signs of anaphylaxis and respond appropriately

Staff are trained in the administration of AAIs to minimise delays in pupil's receiving adrenaline in an emergency

If a pupil has an allergic reaction, the staff member will initiate the school's emergency response plan, following the pupil's allergy action plan

If an AAI needs to be administered, a member of staff will use the pupil's own AAI, or if it is not available, a school one

If the pupil has no allergy action plan, staff will follow the school's procedures on responding to allergy and, if needed, the school's normal emergency procedures

Follow these steps if you think you or someone you're with is having an anaphylactic reaction:

1. Use an adrenaline auto-injector (such as an EpiPen) if you have one – instructions are included on the side of the injector.
2. Call 999 for an ambulance and say that you think you're having an anaphylactic reaction.
3. Lie down – you can raise your legs, and if you're struggling to breathe, raise your shoulders or sit up slowly (if you're pregnant, lie on your left side).
4. If you have been stung by an insect, try to remove the sting if it's still in the skin.
5. If your symptoms have not improved after 5 minutes, use a 2nd adrenaline auto-injector.

A school AAI device will be used instead of the pupil's own AAI device if:

- Medical authorisation and written parental consent have been provided, or
- The pupil's own prescribed AAI(s) are not immediately available (for example, because they are broken, out-of-date, have misfired or been wrongly administered)

If a pupil needs to be taken to hospital, staff will stay with the pupil until the parent/carer arrives, or accompany the pupil to hospital by ambulance

If the allergic reaction is mild (e.g. skin rash, itching or sneezing), the pupil will be monitored and the parents/carers informed

7. Adrenaline auto-injectors (AAIs)

7.1 Purchasing of spare AAIs

The allergy lead is responsible for buying AAIs and ensuring they are stored according to the guidance.

- Where the AAIs will be sourced – ***readily available online***
- The quantity of AAIs required – ***2 of each pen***
- Which brand(s) of AAI are purchased - ***Epi-Pen***
- The dosage required - ***(0.15mg & 0.3mg)***

7.2 Storage (of both spare and prescribed AAIs)

The allergy lead will make sure all AAIs are:

- Stored at room temperature (in line with manufacturer's guidelines), protected from direct sunlight and extremes of temperature
- Kept in a safe and suitably central location to which all staff have access at all times, but is out of the reach and sight of children
- **Not** locked away, but accessible and available for use at all times
- **Not** located more than 5 minutes away from where they may be needed
- Spare AAIs will be kept separate from any pupil's own prescribed AAI, and clearly labelled to avoid confusion.

Locations of the spare AAIs:

- Main school kitchen (back room) clearly identified
- Willow kitchen in top cupboard, clearly identified

7.3 Maintenance (of spare AAIs)

The admin team are responsible for checking monthly that:

- The AAIs are present and in date
- Replacement AAIs are obtained when the expiry date is near

7.4 Disposal

AAIs can only be used once. Once a AAI has been used, it will be disposed of in line with the manufacturer's instructions

7.5 Use of AAIs off school premises

Pupils at risk of anaphylaxis who are able to administer their own AAIs should carry their own AAI with them on school trips and off-site events

- To be identified on the risk assessment
- Ensure all staff are aware and have completed training

7.6 Emergency anaphylaxis kit

The school holds two emergency anaphylaxis kits. This includes:

- Spare AAls
- Instructions for the use of AAls
- Manufacturer's information
- Spare inhaler
- A list of pupils to whom the AAI can be administered

8. Training

The school is committed to training all staff in allergy response. This includes:

- How to reduce and prevent the risk of allergic reactions
- How to spot the signs of allergic reactions (including anaphylaxis)
- The importance of acting quickly in the case of anaphylaxis
- Where AAls are kept on the school site, and how to access them
- How to administer AAls
- The wellbeing and inclusion implications of allergies

Training will be carried out annually using the online training platform.

It's recommended that all staff are trained at least once a year.

9. Links to other policies

This policy links to the following policies and procedures:

- Health and safety policy
- Supporting pupils with medical conditions policy

NAME – Individual Healthcare Plan for allergy	
Date of birth:	Current photo
Year / class:	
Emergency contacts:	
Staff who need to be aware:	
Allergy: <i>Note what allergy the child or young person has.</i> <i>Note any known allergens.</i> <i>Note whether the child or young person is likely to be aware that they are having an allergic reaction and whether they can alert others.</i>	
How the allergy is managed: <i>Note any care or action plans or prescribed medication issued by healthcare professionals.</i> <i>If the allergy can be partly or wholly managed by practical adjustments (for example avoidance of known allergens), note them here.</i> <i>Note the extent to which the child or young person is able to take responsibility for managing their allergy.</i>	
Impact on education: <i>Indicate the potential harm which might come to the child or young person if their allergy is not managed properly.</i> <i>Indicate how the allergy may impact on the child or young person's learning.</i> <i>Indicate how the allergy may impact on the child or young person's emotional wellbeing.</i> <i>If relevant, note any interaction between allergy and SEN.</i>	
Arrangements for support: <i>Give details of the specific support or adaptations which the school, college or early years setting will put in place, within its educational remit.</i> <i>Outline measures to reduce the risk of contact with known allergens.</i> <i>Give details of the specific support or adaptations to manage food allergy at meal and snack times.</i> <i>Note arrangements for maintaining educational progress where absence or missed learning occurs due to allergy.</i>	
Visits and trips: • <i>Give details of any arrangements or procedures which may be required for school trips or other activities outside of the normal timetable that will ensure the child can participate.</i> • <i>Note any requirement for a risk assessment and prompts for specific issues which should be considered.</i>	
Emergency response: <i>Where an Action Plan issued by a healthcare professional covers emergency response, refer to it and ensure it is attached.</i> <i>Otherwise summarise the signs or symptoms which would indicate an emergency.</i> <i>Set out what to do in an emergency, including whom to contact.</i> <i>If relevant, note where "spare" adrenaline devices are located.</i>	
Last discussed with parents:	Date
Issued by:	Date:

Next planned review:	Date:
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NAME – Individual Healthcare Plan for allergy Annex: Medication needed while in school / college / setting	
Non-prescription medication: <i>Record any non-prescription medication (e.g. oral antihistamines) which the child or young person may require to manage their allergy in the education setting</i> <i>Note whether it is emergency medication; where the medication is stored; and how and when the child or young person may need access</i> <i>Note whether parental consent has been given for the allergy medication to be administered, and the date of consent.</i>	
Parental consent:	Date:
Prescription medication: <i>Record any prescription medication for allergy prescribed by a healthcare professional (e.g. adrenaline).</i> <i>Note whether it is emergency medication; where the medication is stored; and how and when the child or young person may need access.</i> <i>Note whether parental consent has been given for the allergy medication to be administered, and the date of consent.</i>	
Prescribed by:	Date:
Parental consent:	Date:
Use of “spare” adrenaline devices: <i>Note whether parental consent has been given to administer adrenaline (e.g. using “spare” adrenaline devices) in an emergency.</i>	
Parental consent:	Date:
Use of “spare” salbutamol inhaler: <i>If relevant (i.e. the child or young person is prescribed an asthma reliever inhaler), note whether consent has been given to use a “spare” salbutamol reliever inhaler.</i>	
Parental consent:	Date:

NAME – Individual Healthcare Plan for allergy Annex: Care or Action Plans issued by healthcare professionals	
Allergy / Asthma Action Plan: <i>Attach any Action Plan to the IHP for use in an emergency.</i> <i>Note which healthcare professional issued the plan, their role and the date issued.</i>	
Issued by:	Date:
Care Plan: <i>Note where any relevant care plan can be found.</i> <i>Note what staff are responsible for delivering / supporting delivery of the care plan.</i> <i>Note which healthcare professional issued the plan, their role and the date issued.</i>	
Date:	Date: